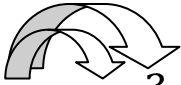


Multiplication Algorithms

Below are most of the algorithms that you and your classmates came up with in class. Please choose 1 or 2 algorithms that you will use on a regular basis.

| Multiplying a fraction by a fraction horizontally. | Multiplying a whole number by a fraction. |
|--|--|
| $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} =$ $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{20} \left(\div \frac{2}{2} \right) = \frac{3}{10}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(answer in simplest/lowest terms)</p> | $\frac{2}{5} \times 7 =$ $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{7}{1} = \frac{14}{5} = 2\frac{4}{5}$ <p style="text-align: right;">simplify and reduce</p> |
| Multiplying a whole number by a mixed number, converting both first. | Multiplying a whole number by a mixed number, multiply each part separately. |
| $8 \times 2\frac{3}{4} =$ $8 \times 2\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{8}{1} \times \frac{13}{5} = \frac{104}{5} = 20\frac{4}{5}$ <p style="text-align: right;">simplify and reduce</p> | $8 \times 2\frac{3}{4} =$  $8 \times 2\frac{3}{5}$ $8 \times 2 = 16$ $\frac{8}{1} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{24}{5} = 4\frac{4}{5}$ $16 + 4\frac{4}{5} = 20\frac{4}{5}$ |

Multiplication Algorithms

| Multiplying a mixed number by a mixed number, converting both first. | Multiplying a mixed number by a mixed number, multiply each part separately. | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------|-----|-------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| $1\frac{2}{3} \times 3\frac{1}{4} =$ $1\frac{2}{3} \times 3\frac{1}{4} =$ $\frac{5}{3} \times \frac{13}{4} = \frac{65}{12} = 5\frac{5}{12}$ | $1\frac{2}{3} \times 3\frac{1}{4} =$ <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> 1 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ </div> <table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td></td><td>$\frac{2}{3}$</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>$\frac{6}{3} = 2$</td></tr> <tr> <td>$\frac{1}{4}$</td><td>$\frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$</td></tr> </table> </div> $3 + 2 + \frac{1}{4} \left(\times \frac{3}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left(\times \frac{2}{2} \right) =$ $3 + 2 + \frac{3}{12} + \frac{2}{12} = 5\frac{5}{12}$ | | $\frac{2}{3}$ | 3 | $\frac{6}{3} = 2$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$ |
| | $\frac{2}{3}$ | | | | | | |
| 3 | $\frac{6}{3} = 2$ | | | | | | |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$ | | | | | | |
| Multiplying a mixed number by a mixed number, convert to decimals first. | | | | | | | |
| $1\frac{2}{5} \times 2\frac{1}{4} =$ $1.4 \times 2.25 =$ $\begin{array}{r} 2.25 \\ \times 1.4 \\ \hline 900 \\ + 2250 \\ \hline 3.150 \end{array}$ $3.150 = 3\frac{15}{100} = 3\frac{3}{20}$ | | | | | | | |