

Atmospheric Moisture

Dew Point and Relative Humidity

Some helpful words...

Dew Point -

Absolute Humidity -

Relative Humidity -

Saturated -

Condensation -

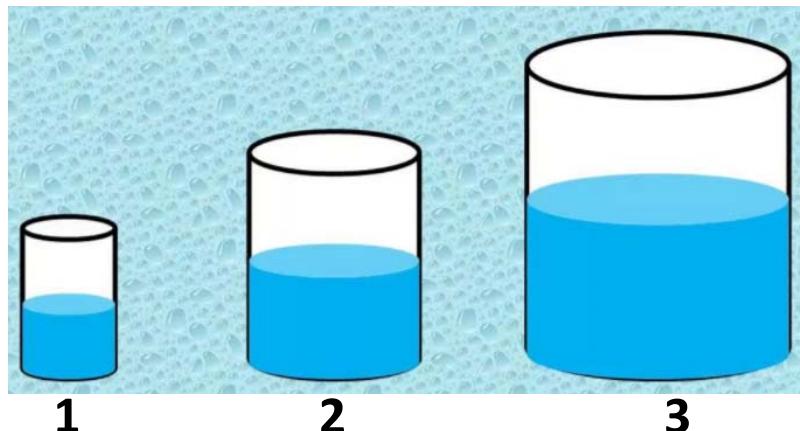
Dew Point vs. Relative Humidity

Identify each statement as relating to dew point (DP) or relative humidity (RH).

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> measured as a temperature | <input type="checkbox"/> increase when temperature decreases |
| <input type="checkbox"/> how much water vapor in the air compared to what the air can hold | <input type="checkbox"/> can never be higher than the air temperature |
| <input type="checkbox"/> written as a percentage | <input type="checkbox"/> often lower when it's cold out |
| <input type="checkbox"/> temperature of the air at which water vapor will condense | <input type="checkbox"/> usually higher in the morning than in the afternoon |
| <input type="checkbox"/> at 100% when air is full of the water vapor it can hold | <input type="checkbox"/> has a high value when it feels really humid and uncomfortable |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes when the air temperature changes | <input type="checkbox"/> can be the same from day to day even if the amount of water vapor changes |
| <input type="checkbox"/> always lower in the desert | |

Visualizing DP and RH

You can think of the air as being like a container that holds water. The 3 containers below represent samples of air at 3 different temperatures. Each container is filled with some water, which represents water vapor in the air.

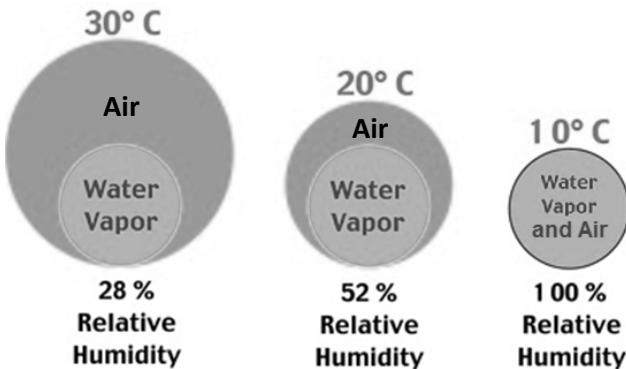


Questions – Visualizing DP and RH

1. Which container represents the warmest air?
2. If the temperature of the containers (*air samples*) were to decrease, what would happen to their sizes?
3. Which container represents air with the highest dew point?
4. What is the relative humidity of each “air” sample?
5. If more water was added to the “air samples”, which would become saturated first?
6. When air becomes saturated with water vapor, what could happen?

Understanding DP and RH

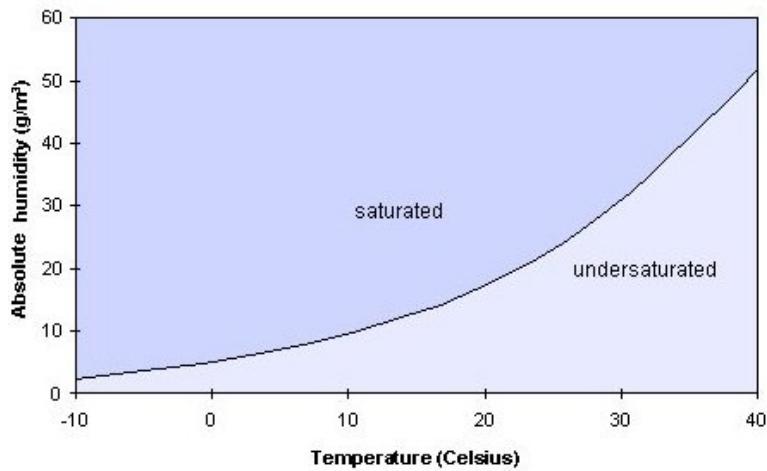
The diagram to the right shows an air sample at 3 different temperatures. The size of the air sample shows its capacity to hold the water vapor circle.



1. At what temperature can this air sample hold the most water vapor?
2. At what temperature is the air saturated?
3. What is the dew point for this air sample?
4. At what temperature is there the greatest chance of precipitation?

Understanding DP and RH

The graph to the right shows the relationship between air temperature and absolute humidity. In other words, it shows how much total water vapor air can have in it at different temperatures.



1. What are the units for absolute humidity on this graph?
2. What does the curve in the graph represent?
3. About how much water vapor will saturate air at 0°C? _____ 30°C? _____
4. If the curve represents air that is at 100% relative humidity (saturated), about how much water vapor is needed for 50% relative humidity at 20°C? _____ 40°C? _____
5. How can relative humidity be misleading when describing how much water vapor is in the air?

Dew Point Chart

Dewpoint (°C)

| Dry-Bulb Temperature (°C) | Difference Between Wet-Bulb and Dry-Bulb Temperatures (°C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| -20 | -20 | -33 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -18 | -18 | -28 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -16 | -16 | -24 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -14 | -14 | -21 | -36 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -12 | -12 | -18 | -28 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -10 | -10 | -14 | -22 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -8 | -8 | -12 | -18 | -29 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -6 | -6 | -10 | -14 | -22 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -4 | -4 | -7 | -12 | -17 | -29 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -2 | -2 | -5 | -8 | -13 | -20 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | -3 | -6 | -9 | -15 | -24 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 2 | -1 | -3 | -6 | -11 | -17 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 4 | 1 | -1 | -4 | -7 | -11 | -19 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 6 | 4 | 1 | -1 | -4 | -7 | -13 | -21 | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 1 | -2 | -5 | -9 | -14 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 1 | -2 | -5 | -9 | -14 | -28 | | | | | | |
| 12 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 1 | -2 | -5 | -9 | -16 | | | | | | |
| 14 | 14 | 12 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 1 | -2 | -5 | -10 | -17 | | | | | |
| 16 | 16 | 14 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 1 | -1 | -6 | -10 | -17 | | | | |
| 18 | 18 | 16 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 2 | -2 | -5 | -10 | -19 | | | |
| 20 | 20 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 7 | 4 | 2 | -2 | -5 | -10 | -19 | | |
| 22 | 22 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 3 | -1 | -5 | -10 | -19 | |
| 24 | 24 | 23 | 21 | 20 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 2 | -1 | -5 | -10 | -18 |
| 26 | 26 | 25 | 23 | 22 | 20 | 18 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 0 | -4 | -9 |
| 28 | 28 | 27 | 25 | 24 | 22 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 16 | 14 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 1 | -3 |
| 30 | 30 | 29 | 27 | 26 | 24 | 23 | 21 | 19 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 1 |

1. Dry-Bulb = 22°C

Difference = 4°C

Dew Point = _____

2. Dry-Bulb = 6°C

Wet-Bulb = 2°C

Dew Point = _____

3. Dry-Bulb = _____

Difference = 7°C

Dew Point = -5°C

4. Dry-Bulb = 10°C

Wet-bulb = _____

Dew Point = 4°C

Relative Humidity Chart

Relative Humidity (%)

| Dry-Bulb Temperature (°C) | Difference Between Wet-Bulb and Dry-Bulb Temperatures (°C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| -20 | 100 | 28 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -18 | 100 | 40 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -16 | 100 | 48 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -14 | 100 | 55 | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -12 | 100 | 61 | 23 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -10 | 100 | 66 | 33 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -8 | 100 | 71 | 41 | 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -6 | 100 | 73 | 48 | 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -4 | 100 | 77 | 54 | 32 | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -2 | 100 | 79 | 58 | 37 | 20 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 100 | 81 | 63 | 45 | 28 | 11 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 100 | 83 | 67 | 51 | 36 | 20 | 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 100 | 85 | 70 | 56 | 42 | 27 | 14 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 100 | 86 | 72 | 59 | 46 | 35 | 22 | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 100 | 87 | 74 | 62 | 51 | 39 | 28 | 17 | 6 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 100 | 88 | 76 | 65 | 54 | 43 | 33 | 24 | 13 | 4 | | | | | | |
| 12 | 100 | 88 | 78 | 67 | 57 | 48 | 38 | 28 | 19 | 10 | 2 | | | | | |
| 14 | 100 | 89 | 79 | 69 | 60 | 50 | 41 | 33 | 25 | 16 | 8 | 1 | | | | |
| 16 | 100 | 90 | 80 | 71 | 62 | 54 | 45 | 37 | 29 | 21 | 14 | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 18 | 100 | 91 | 81 | 72 | 64 | 56 | 48 | 40 | 33 | 26 | 19 | 12 | 6 | | | |
| 20 | 100 | 91 | 82 | 74 | 66 | 58 | 51 | 44 | 36 | 30 | 23 | 17 | 11 | 5 | | |
| 22 | 100 | 92 | 83 | 75 | 68 | 60 | 53 | 46 | 40 | 33 | 27 | 21 | 15 | 10 | 4 | |
| 24 | 100 | 92 | 84 | 76 | 69 | 62 | 55 | 49 | 42 | 36 | 30 | 25 | 20 | 14 | 9 | 4 |
| 26 | 100 | 92 | 85 | 77 | 70 | 64 | 57 | 51 | 45 | 39 | 34 | 28 | 23 | 18 | 13 | 9 |
| 28 | 100 | 93 | 86 | 78 | 71 | 65 | 59 | 53 | 47 | 42 | 36 | 31 | 26 | 21 | 17 | 12 |
| 30 | 100 | 93 | 86 | 79 | 72 | 66 | 61 | 55 | 49 | 44 | 39 | 34 | 29 | 25 | 20 | 16 |

1. Dry-Bulb = -4°C

Difference = 2°C

RH = _____

2. Air Temp = 16°C

Wet-Bulb = 10°C

RH = _____

3. Dry-Bulb = 20°C

RH = 58%

Dew Point = _____

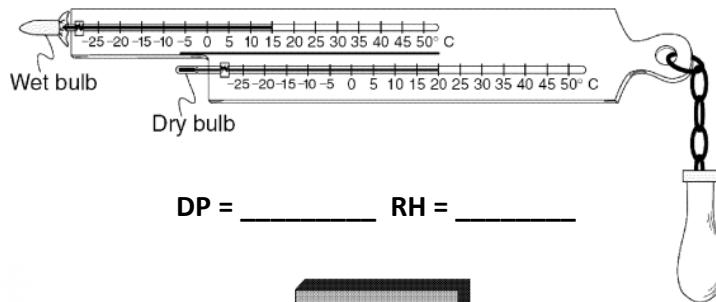
4. Dry-Bulb = 26°C

Dew Point = 6°C

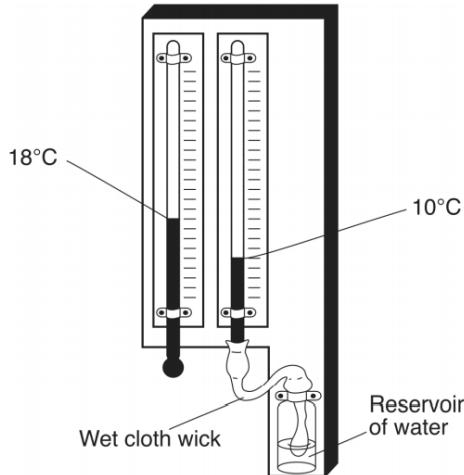
RH = _____

Psychrometers

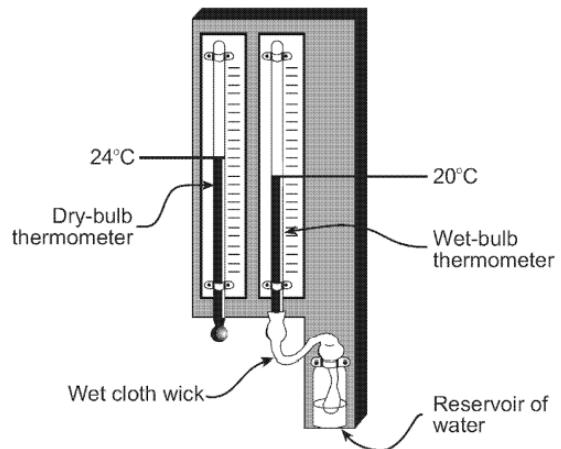
For each of the psychrometers, find the dew point and relative humidity.



$$DP = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad RH = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

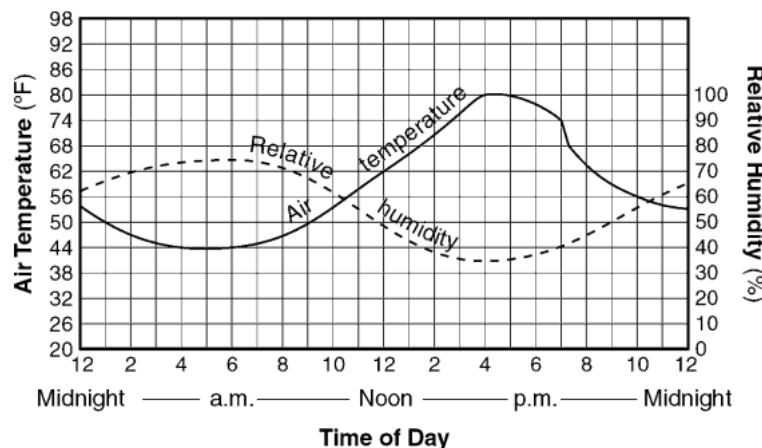


$$DP = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad RH = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



$$DP = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad RH = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

What's the relationship?



1. Use the graph to state the relationship between air temperature and relative humidity.
2. For the time represented by the graph, did the air temperature ever equal the dew point temperature and how do you know?

Graph it!

Graph the relationships below.

